

**Claims**

1) A surgical forceps used for the surgical reduction of fractured facial bones, characterised by the fact that it comprises two shaped branches (2) diverging from opposite sites starting from a central elastic loop (3), with each branch developing on three Cartesian axis and having a first rectilinear section (2a) joined to a second section (2b) with 90° orientation laying on the same plane that contains the loop (3) and joined in turn with a 90° ending section (2d) whose end (2e) is slightly bent towards the central loop (3).

2) A surgical forceps according to claim 1, characterised by the fact that the second section (2b) of each branch (2) is provided with a groove (2c).